

Clay County

Population Groups

Total Population*

2,866

59.8% White
37.6% Black
2.6% Other

*1.8% of population identify as Hispanic



20% <18 28% 18-44 23.6% 45-64 28.3% 65+

Health Summary

County Health Ranking
126 out of 159 Georgia counties

33%

Report Poor or Fair Health
(19% for Georgia)



6.2 Days Poor Physical Health per Month
(4.1 for Georgia)
6.3 Days Poor Mental Health per Month
(4.8 for Georgia)

Premature Death Rate - unavailable-due to the values are less than 20 per 100 persons
(8 per 100 for Georgia)

Health Factors



68% Children in Single-parent Households
(30% in Georgia)



17.3% Uninsured
(16% in Georgia)



17.7% Households with 0 Vehicles Available
(3% in Georgia)



17.1% < High School Education
34.6% High School Education
48.8% Greater than High School



32.7% Living in Poverty
43% of all children



4.2% Unemployment Rate
(3.4% in Georgia)

45% Adults Report Obesity
(33% in Georgia)

43% Report No Leisure-time Physical Activity
(27% in Georgia)

26% Have Access to Exercise Opportunities
(70% in Georgia)

1% Report Limited Access to Healthy Food
(10% in Georgia)

21% Report Food Insecurity
(12% in Georgia)

28% of Adults are Smokers
(17% in Georgia)



Leading Causes of ER Visits



Unintentional Injuries
14.2%
(15.6% in Georgia)



Bone & Muscle Diseases
8.5%
(10.6% in Georgia)



Digestive System Diseases
4.5%
(6.4% in Georgia)

Leading Causes of Hospitalization



Digestive System Diseases
7.2%
(8.6% in Georgia)



Bone & Muscle Diseases
6.3%
(5.6% in Georgia)



Influenza & Pneumonia
5.5%
(2.8% in Georgia)

Leading Causes of Premature Death



Unintentional Injuries
24.5%
(15.1% in Georgia)



Cancer
18.9%
(17.1% in Georgia)



Heart Disease
17.2%
(16% in Georgia)

Leading Causes of Death



Cancer
21.6%
(19.9% in Georgia)



Heart Disease
19.9%
(13.5% in Georgia)



Unintentional Injuries
5.4%
(5.4% in Georgia)

Areas of Concern

Source: County Health Rankings and Roadmaps, Health Outcomes, 2022



Chlamydia with the age-adjusted STD rate is 854.5 per 100,000 in Clay County compared to 615.2 per 100,000 in Georgia.



Obesity is 45% compared to 33% in Georgia and 32% in the U.S.

Health district contact information

833-337-1749

Clay County

A Deeper Look at the Health Assessment Data

Leading Causes of ER Visits



Unintentional Injuries

Rates 1.4X higher in females than in males; rates 1.6X higher in white males than in white females



Bone & Muscle Diseases

Rates 2.2X higher in black than in white; rates 1.9X higher in white males than in white females



Digestive System Diseases

rates 1.4X higher in females than in males; rates 1.6X higher in black females than in black males

Leading Causes of Hospitalization



Digestive System Diseases

Rates 1.5X higher in females than in males



Bone & Muscle Diseases

Rates 1.6X higher in white than in black; rates 2X higher in black females than in black males



Flu and Pneumonia

Rates 2X higher in black than in white; rates 2.3X higher in white females than in white males

Leading Causes of Premature Death



Unintentional Injuries

Rates 1.4X higher in males than in females; rates 2.6X higher in white than in black



Cancer

Rates 1.4X higher in males than in females; rates 1.6X higher in white than in black; Rates 1.3X higher in white males than in white females; Rates 1.5X higher in black males than in black females



Heart Disease

Rates 3.7X higher in male than in females; Rates 1.2X higher in black than in white; rates 3.3X higher in white males than in white females; rates 3.8X higher in black males than in black females

Leading Causes of Death



Cancer

Rates 1.3X higher in males than in females; rates 1.4X higher in black males than in black females



Heart Disease

Rates 1.9X higher in males than in females; rates 3.1X higher in white males than in white females



Unintentional Injuries

Rates 1.3X higher in males than in females; rates 3.6X higher in white than in black

Health Assessment Data Sources

County Health Ranking Measures	Data Source
Premature Death: Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000 population (age-adjusted)	County Health Rankings and Roadmaps, Health Outcomes, 2022
Poor or Fair Health: Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted)	County Health Rankings and Roadmaps, Health Outcomes, 2022
Poor Physical Health Days: Average number of physically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted)	County Health Rankings and Roadmaps, Health Outcomes, 2022
Poor Mental Health Days: Average number of mentally unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted)	County Health Rankings and Roadmaps, Health Outcomes, 2022
Adult Obesity: Percentage of adults that report a BMI of 30 or more	County Health Rankings and Roadmaps, Health Behaviors, 2022
Physical Inactivity: Percentage of adults age 20 and over reporting no leisure-time physical activity	County Health Rankings and Roadmaps, Health Behaviors, 2022
Adult Smoking: Percentage of adults who are current smokers	County Health Rankings and Roadmaps, Health Behaviors, 2022
Excessive Drinking: Percentage of adults reporting binge or heavy drinking	County Health Rankings and Roadmaps, Health Behaviors, 2022
Alcohol-impaired Driving Deaths: Percentage of driving deaths with alcohol involvement	County Health Rankings and Roadmaps, Health Behaviors, 2022
Food Environment Index: Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment, 0 (worst)-10 (best)	County Health Rankings and Roadmaps, Health Behaviors, 2022
Access to Exercise Opportunities: Percentage of population with adequate access to locations of physical activity	County Health Rankings and Roadmaps, Health Behaviors, 2022
Uninsured: Percentage of population under age 65 without health insurance	County Health Rankings and Roadmaps, Clinical Care, 2022
Primary Care Physicians: Ratio of population to primary care physicians	County Health Rankings and Roadmaps, Clinical Care, 2022
Mental Health Providers: Ratio of population to mental health providers	County Health Rankings and Roadmaps, Clinical Care, 2022
Dentists: Ratio of population to dentists	County Health Rankings and Roadmaps, Clinical Care, 2022
Severe Housing Problems: Percentage of households with at least 1 of the 4 housing problems: overcrowding, high housing costs, or lack of kitchen or plumbing facilities	County Health Rankings and Roadmaps, Physical Environment, 2022
Leading Causes of ER Visits/Leading Causes of Hospitalizations/Leading Causes of Death	Georgia OASIS (Online Analytical Statistical Information System), OASIS detailed ranking) *certain variables are unavailable due to low values reported
Leading Causes of Premature Death	Georgia OASIS (Online Analytical Statistical Information System), NCHS ranking

Health district contact information: 833-337-1749