Talbot County



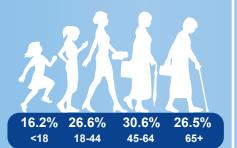
Population Groups

Total Population*

6,143

42.2% White 55.2% Black 2.6% Other

*3.1% of population identify as Hispanic



Health Summary

County Health Ranking 135 out of 159 Georgia counties



5.4 Days Poor Physical Health per Month (4.1 for Georgia)

5.8 Days Poor Mental Health per Month (4.8 for Georgia)

Report Poor or Fair Health (19% for Georgia)

Premature Death Rate - 12 per 100 persons (8 per 100 for Georgia)

Health Factors



62% Children in **Single-parent Households** (30% in Georgia)

29.3% < High School Education

43.6% High School Education

27.1% Greater than High School



16% Uninsured (16% in Georgia)

15.4% Living in Poverty

36% of all children



0 Vehicles Available



(3% in Georgia)

(3.4% in Georgia)

Adults Report Obesity (33% in Georgia)





Report Limited Access to Healthy Food (10% in Georgia)





of Adults are Smokers (17% in Georgia)



Leading Causes of ER Visits



Unintentional Injuries

16.4%(15.6% in Georgia)



Bone & Muscle Diseases

.5% (10.6% in Georgia)



Digestive System Diseases

Leading Causes of Hospitalization



Digestive System Diseases

9.7% (8.6% in Georgia)



Heart Disease

(5.3% in Georgia)



Unintentional Injuries

(4.8% in Georgia)

Leading Causes of Premature Death



Heart Disease

20.1% (16.0% in Georgia)



Unintentional



Leading Causes of Death



Cancer



COVID-19



Heart Disease

Areas of Concern

Source: Data from County Health Rankings and Roadmaps, Health Behaviors, 2022



The percentage of adults that currently smoke in Talbot County is 25 %, while the percentage of adults that currently smoke in Georgia is 17%



57 % of driving deaths in Talbot County are alcohol-impaired driving deaths while 21 % of driving deaths in Georgia are alcohol-impaired driving deaths

Health district contact information 833-337-1749

YOUR HEALTH AT A GLANCE 2024 update

Talbot County

A Deeper Look at the Health Assessment Data



Leading Causes of ER Visits



Unintentional Injuries

Rates 1.3X higher in black than in white; Rates 1.2X higher in black males than in black females



Bone & Muscle Diseases

Rates 2.8X higher in black than in white; Rates 1.4X higher in white females than in white males



Digestive System Diseases

Rates 2X higher in black than in white; Rates 1.2X higher in white males than in white females

Leading Causes of Hospitalization



Digestive System Diseases

Rates 1.2X higher in males than in females; Rates 1.5X higher in black males than in black females



Heart Disease

Rates 1.8X higher in males than in females; Rates 1.7X higher in white males than in white females; Rates 1.8X higher in black males than in black females



Unintentional Injuries

Rates 1.8X higher in males than in females; Rates 2X higher in white than in black; Rates 2.4X higher in black males than in black females

Leading Causes of Premature Death



Heart Disease

Rates 1.2X higher in males than in females; rates 1.2X higher in black than in white; rates 1.3X higher in white males than in white females; rates 1.2X higher in black males than in black females



Unintentional Injuries

Rates 4.4X higher in males than in females; rates 3.3X higher in white than in black; rates 2.5X higher in white males than in white females



Cancer

Rates 2.5X higher in males than in females; rates 1.3X higher in white males than in white females; rates 4.5X higher in black males than in black females

Leading Causes of Death



Cancer

Rates 2.1X higher in males than in females; Rates 1.5X higher in white males than in white females; Rates 3X higher in black males than in black females



COVID-19

77.8% black



Heart Disease

Rates 1.8X higher in males than females; Rates 2.3X higher in white males than in white females; Rates 1.5X higher in black males than in black females

Health Assessment Data Sources

County Health Ranking Measures	Data Source
Premature Death: Years of potential life lost before age 75 per 100,000 population (age-adjusted)	County Health Rankings and Roadmaps, Health Outcomes, 2022
Poor or Fair Health: Percentage of adults reporting fair or poor health (age-adjusted)	County Health Rankings and Roadmaps, Health Outcomes, 2022
Poor Physical Health Days: Average number of physically unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted)	County Health Rankings and Roadmaps, Health Outcomes, 2022
Poor Mental Health Days: Average number of mentally unhealthy days reported in past 30 days (age-adjusted)	County Health Rankings and Roadmaps, Health Outcomes, 2022
Adult Obesity: Percentage of adults that report a BMI of 30 or more	County Health Rankings and Roadmaps, Health Behaviors, 2022
Physical Inactivity: Percentage of adults age 20 and over reporting no leisure-time physical activity	County Health Rankings and Roadmaps, Health Behaviors, 2022
Adult Smoking: Percentage of adults who are current smokers	County Health Rankings and Roadmaps, Health Behaviors, 2022
Excessive Drinking: Percentage of adults reporting binge or heavy drinking	County Health Rankings and Roadmaps, Health Behaviors, 2022
Alcohol-Impaired Driving Deaths: Percentage of driving deaths with alcohol involvement	County Health Rankings and Roadmaps, Health Behaviors, 2022
Food Environment Index: Index of factors that contribute to a healthy food environment, 0 (worst)-10 (best)	County Health Rankings and Roadmaps, Health Behaviors, 2022
Access to Exercise Opportunities: Percentage of population with adequate access to locations of physical activity	County Health Rankings and Roadmaps, Health Behaviors, 2022
Uninsured: Percentage of population under age 65 without health insurance	County Health Rankings and Roadmaps, Clinical Care, 2022
Primary Care Physicians: Ratio of population to primary care physicians	County Health Rankings and Roadmaps, Clinical Care, 2022
Mental Health Providers: Ratio of population to mental health providers	County Health Rankings and Roadmaps, Clinical Care, 2022
Dentists: Ratio of population to dentists	County Health Rankings and Roadmaps, Clinical Care, 2022
Severe Housing Problems: Percentage of households with at least 1 of the 4 housing problems: overcrowding, high housing costs, or lack of kitchen or plumbing facilities	County Health Rankings and Roadmaps, Physical Environment, 2022
Leading Causes of ER Visits/Leading Causes of Hospitalizations/ Leading Causes of Death	Georgia OASIS (Online Analytical Statistical Information System), OASIS detailed ranking) *certain variables are unavailable due to low values reported
Leading Causes of Premature Death	Georgia OASIS (Online Analytical Statistical Information System), NCHS ranking